

Evaluating Centralised Outcome Measurement Tracking in Rehabilitation Through an MSK Intervention Study Investigating Movement Enhancement

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Introduction

This study assessed the feasibility of improving movement using the FLX musculoskeletal application within a brain injury population, a population with high prevalence of MSK disorders. This study provided a use case for the Goal Manager® Outcome Measures Wizard (OMW), in tracking various metrics generated due to the complexity of co-morbid MSK and brain injury conditions.

Methods

A 6-to-12-week trial of the application was conducted, followed by quantitative analysis of collected outcome measures and qualitative analysis of participant experience. Participants were recruited via social media and personal correspondence, with confirmation of final numbers at project completion.

Discussion

This study demonstrates the benefit of improving movement through targeted MSK interventions and underscored the necessity for centralised quantitative outcome tracking in rehabilitation. The OMW facilitates this, as the diverse metrics investigated within this study demonstrate the practicality and efficiency of a unified platform in clinical research practice. The study also demonstrated the utility of the FLX app in improving musculoskeletal function within this population.

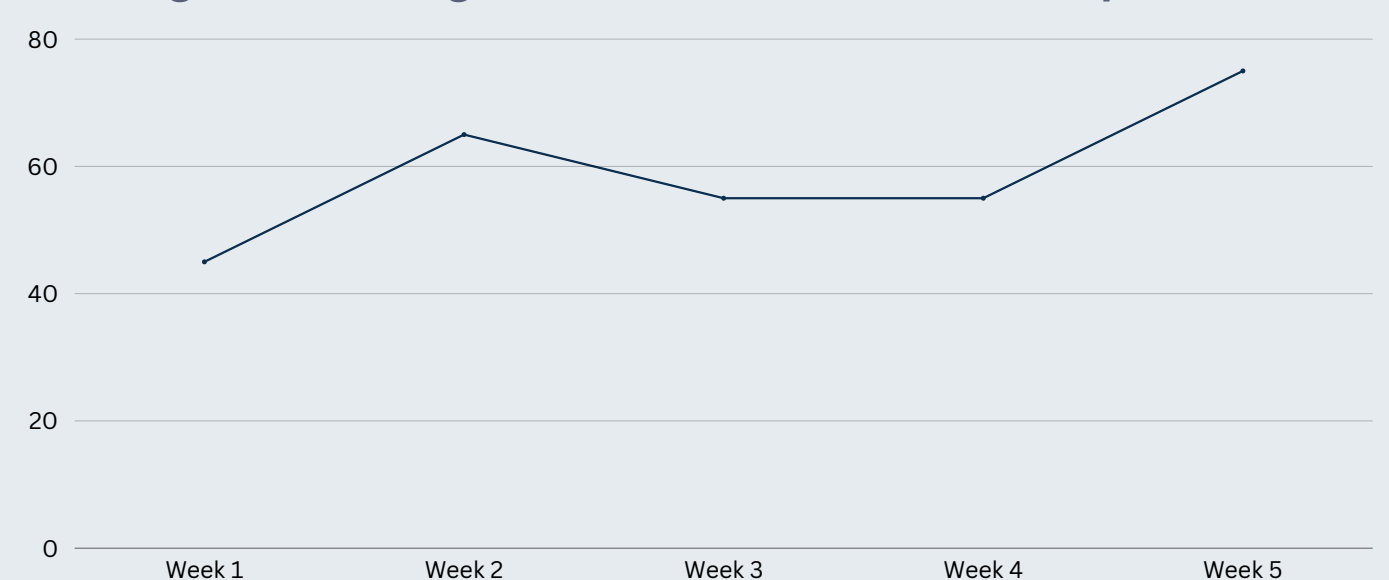


Data collected included mood measures (GAD7, PHQ9), a customised International Classification of Functioning Disability and Health (ICF) Assessment with relevant musculoskeletal codes, and a pre- and post-trial questionnaire assessing technology confidence. EuroQol 5 Dimension Scale (EQ5D) measures were recorded weekly during the trial and tracked using the OMW.

Results

Quantitative score comparisons demonstrated the positive impact of FLX musculoskeletal interventions in a brain injury population. Study feedback provided targeted developments to better serve a brain injury population.

Figure 1: Change in EQ-vas score in Participant 4



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